



BUILDING A NEW EQUITY RESEARCH ACTION COALITION

Our overarching goal is to stablish an interdisciplinary, multi-organization, action-oriented research-policy collaborative



Note: BICoC=Black, Indigenous, and Other Children of Color; ABAR=Anti-Bias/Anti-Racist





WE WORK WITH DIVERSITY OF INDIVIDUALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND AGENCIES TO CO-CREATE SCIENCE-BASED ANTI-RACIST AND CULTURAL WEALTH SOLUTIONS.

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What We Do

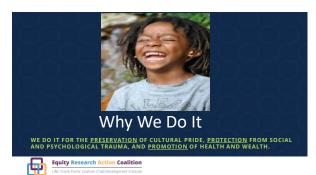
Early Years Research \leftrightarrow Equitable Early and Evaluation (12) Childhood Policies (5) Systematically examine the wholistic experiences of children and their families from the African diaspora from prenatally through adolescence

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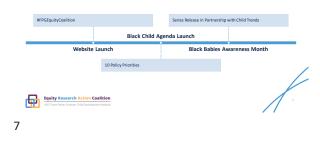
Develop actionable policies Develop actionable policies and practices to eradicate the impact of racism and poverty and all its consequences on the lives of Black children and their families and communities

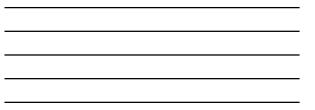
Mentoring and Training (3)

Support the development of diverse emerging scholars, practitioners, policymakers, and leaders interested in strengthening Black children's early years



Stay Tuned...







QUITY RESEARCH ACTION COALITION & EARLY CHILDHOOD INVESTIGATION

Thank you for the partnership!

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Honoring Native Lands

I ACKNOWLEDGE THAT I LIVE, WORK, AND BUILD MY FAMILIES' ECONOMIC WEALTH ON THE LUMBEE TRIBE TAKEN THROUGH COLONIZATION AND ATTEMPTED ERADICATION BY SETTLERS.



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Honoring Black Bodies

- Many parts of the US was built by enslaved Africans and their enslaved descendants, and only within the past generation were Black people affordef full rights.
 Today, Black individuals and People of Color disproportionately work as service staff across the country. This community is largely responsible for the maintenance of our daily lives, the food and food service available, child care, health care, and many other basis necessities that make our lives easy. The wealth of our nation is due to the forced free labor of these Africans.







Who do you see when you see me?

What do people see when they see you?

ake two mins and write what comes to mind mmediately when you see me. You don't need to hare!

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Who am I?

- Black
- Mother of two
- Unidentified DLL
- Food & Housing Security
- English speaker
- & so much more...
- Who are you?



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Passionate Blunt Scared Joyful



Objectives for this session



CALL TO ACTION: ENGAGE IN BEING R.I.C.H.E.R.

Take Home Points

Culture is all around us and children

Child assessments should be used as a guide for improvement and not punishment

Engage in the 4Es of ABAR CRA

Be careful of the danger of a single story

Assess children, but also assess the condition of the learning environment

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UNIVERSAL FINDINGS

Science of Early Development

- Early experiences are essential for building the brain.
- Early adversity can change the timing of critical periods of brain development.
- Healthy development of the child begins in the preconception period.
- Supportive relationships between the child and the adults serve to buffer negative outcomes
- Access to basic resources is powerful.
- Both institutional racism and interpersonal experiences of discrimination can influence the health and well-being of both children and adults in multiple ways

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What is cultural microsystem?

- Culture is an aspect of every human behavior
- · Culture can be seen in the ways we interact, our bedtime routines, our classroom routines, how we interact with each other and young children, etc.
- Culture provides the "guidelines" for what is expected and how children are socialized routines, expectations, norms, events, language, interactions, etc.
- Culture guides how parents/caregiver rear children, including their styles and beliefs about engagement and interactions Culture shapes what happens in the classroom -- didactic v. scaffolding,
 ormmunal vs. individual



Purpose of Screeners to help identify potential problems or areas needing further cutch developmental issues early can ensure children provided the ffective treatment or intervention prevent avoidable delays must be meaningful, thoughtfully chosen, and intentionally the meaner meaningful the m

For developmental screening to be effective, it should begin early in a child's life; be repeated throughout early childhood; and use reliable, valid screening tools appropriate to the age, culture, and language of the child. This can be a challenge, since very few developmental screening tools are developed or tested with linguistically or culturally diverse samples of children.



~ US DHHS, 20214 https://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/pd f/screening-compendium-march2014.pdf



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Selecting Tools (cont'd)



POLL—which screening tools do you use?

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- ASQ
- ASQ-SE
- Brigance
- Developmental Assessment of Young Children
- Learning Accomplishment Profiles (LAP)
- Program Developed or Something else
- Nothing



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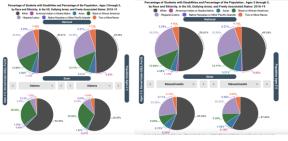
Why do you like your tool?

Share in the chat box

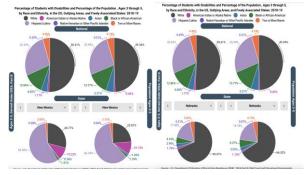
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We know that there are biases including disparities in access to services.

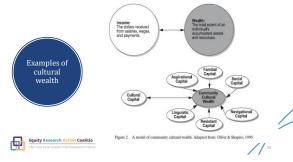












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Cultural Wealth

- Aspirational capital refers to the ability to maintain hopes and dreams for the future, even in the face of real and perceived barriers.
- Linguistic capital includes the intellectual and social skills attained through communication experiences in more than one language and/or style
- Familial capital refers to those cultural knowledges nurtured among familia (kin) that carry a sense of community history, memory and cultural intuition

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Cultural Wealth cont'd

- Social capital can be understood as networks of people and community resources.
- 5. Navigational capital refers to skills of maneuvering through social institutions.
- Resistant capital refers those knowledges and skills fostered through oppositional behavior that challenges inequality

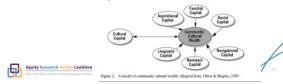


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Reflection exercise

Focus your time on one of the six cultural wealth we just discussed... think about which one connects the most with you. Then think about how that can be used as a lens when you are screening a child to identify their needs.

Pick one boy and one girl of color and ask, how does this capital come out? What does this mean for how I "see" them?



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INSURING ABAR CRA IN ASSESSMENTS

Anti-bias, Anti-racist Culturally Responsive Assessment

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ABAR CRA

Defining anti-bias, anti-racist culturally responsive assessment

 Based on Iruka, Curenton, & Eke's 2014 definition of anti-bias, culturally responsive family engagement....

an assessment approach that **incorporates** the cultural knowledge, experiences, and communication styles of children from diverse families and communities, and **acknowledges** the social injustices, inequalities, and prejudices children face as



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Scenario...

- You have a Standard English Assessment that is trying to assess children's language/vocabulary
- the child mixes Standard English words up with their home language (white shoes = white zapatos or doesn't recognize a spinner/top or uses a dialect like "teef" for "teeth")
- · the assessment says the child must say the word not a variation
- · the score says the child has a language delay
- · what do you do? what do you tell your supervisor, the parents?

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Some assessments don't capture other dialects and language. Should children be punished?



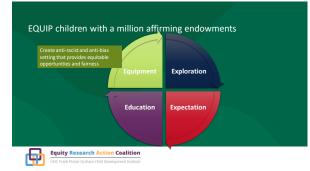












NAEYC's Position Statement

Principle 4. Although general progressions of development and learning can be identified, variations due to cultural contexts, experiences, and individual differences must also be considered.





Take Home Points

Culture is more than race and around all of us

Screeners should consider the cultural wealth of children

Engage in the 4Es of ABAR CRA

Moral obligation to assess children wholistically

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Resources

- Alanis, I., & Iruka, I. U., & Friedman, S. (Eds.) (2021). Advancing Equity and Embracing Diversity in Early
 Childhood Education: Elevating Voices and Actions: Washington, DC National Association for the Education of
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 allen, R., Shapland, D. L., Neitzel, J., & Iruka, I. U. (2021). Creating anti-racist early childhood spaces. Young
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- Inuka, I.U., Curenton, S. M., Durden, T., & Escayg, K.-A. (2020) Don't Look Away: Embracing Anti-Bias Classrooms. Lewisville, NC: Gryphon House.
- Iruka, I. U., Curenton, S. M., & Eke, W. A. (2014). Culturally-Responsive, Anti-bios Framework of Expectation, Education, Exploration, and Empowerment (CAM-E4). Elsevier.
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