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Coaching Interaction Style

Rush, D. D. & Shelden, M. L. (2020). *The early childhood coaching handbook* (2nd ed.). Baltimore, MD: Paul H. Brookes Publishing Co., Inc.

Operational Definition of Coaching in Early Childhood

Coaching is an adult learning strategy in which the coach promotes the learner's ability to reflect on his or her actions as a means to determine the effectiveness of an action or practice and develop a plan for refinement and use of the action in immediate and future situations.

(Rush & Shelden, 2004)

Ten Key Elements of Coaching in Early Childhood

- 1. Consistent with the principles of adult learning
- 2. Capacity-building
- 3. Non-directive
- 4. Goal-oriented
- 5. Solution-focused
- 6. Performance-based
- 7. Reflective
- 8. Collaborative
- 9. Context-driven
- 10. As hands-on as it needs to be

Capacity-building is		
ch	an ongoing process of providing, creating, or mobilizing experiences through which ildren, parents, families, and communities enhance their ability to identify and meet velopment-enhancing opportunities or challenges in a sustainable way.	
	(FIPP, 2002)	
Re	esearch-Based Characteristics of Coaching	
•	Joint planning (2-part plan)	
•	Observation	
•	Action/Practice	
•	Reflection	
	 Awareness Questions 	
	Analysis Questions	
	Alternatives Questions	
	Action Questions	
	Alternatives QuestionsAction Questions	

•	Feedback
	• Affirmative
	• Evaluative
	• Directive
	• Informative
Mo	odeling: A 7-step process
1.	Coach explains to coachee what he/she is going to do
2.	Coachee has a defined role while coach models
3.	Coach models while coachee observes
4.	Coach debriefs with coachee
5.	Coach invites coachee to try what he/she modeled
6.	Coach and coachee reflect on how what the coachee tried worked
7.	Coach and coachee plan for how the strategy or activity will happen when the coach is not present
NOTES:	